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## C1-R4: ADVANCED COMPUTER GRAPHICS

## NOTE:

1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR questions from 2 to 7.

2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Total Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

- **1.** (a) What are the various methods by which we can control animation? Explain in detail.
  - (b) In which of the application areas the color model is found appropriate to use as compared with gray image?
  - (c) What is the Bump Mapping? How it can be used in computer graphics?
  - (d) Write down the algorithm of Depth-sort. Explain each of the step in detail.
  - (e) Differentiate in between the Hermite curves and Bezier curves.
  - (f) Differentiate in between the 2D and 3D Geometric Transformations.
  - (g) Explain the use of the Space Partitioning trees in computer vision. List out some of the applications where it can be used. (7x4)
- 2. (a) Consider a unit cube whose opposite diagonal corners are placed at (0, 0, 0) and (1, 1, 1). The cube is rotated about *y*-axis by  $\phi = -30^\circ$ , about *x*-axis by  $\theta = 45^\circ$  and then projected on to the z = 0 plane from the center of projection at  $z = z_c = 4$ . Find the composite perspective transformation matrix. Also find the principle vanishing points along all three principle axis.
  - (b) Derive the transformation matrix for oblique projection of coordinate position (x, y, z) to position  $(X_p, Y_p)$  on the view plane xy (z=0). (10+8)
- **3.** (a) Define Polygon Mesh. Given a unit cube with one corner at (0, 0, 0) and the opposite corner at (1, 1, 1). Represent cube as pointers to vertex list and pointers to an edge list.
  - (b) What are the differences between regularized Boolean set operations and ordinary Boolean set operations? Perform Boolean set operations on quadtrees by taking an example. (9+9)
- 4. (a) The position vectors for the vertices of a triangular surface are given by A(10, 0, 0), B(0, 10, 0) and C(0, 0, 10). A point light source is at P(0, 0, 20). Find the intensities at the vertices of the triangle if the ambient light intensity is 1 and the point light source intensity is 10. Assume Ka = Kd = 0.2 and light source attenuation = 1/d2. Neglect specular effect.
  - (b) List various shading models and explain each with its merits and demerits. (12+6)

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- 5. (a) What is animation? Briefly explain character animation and facial animation.
  - (b) What is direct motion specification? Explain kinematics and dynamics in construction of animation sequences.
  - (c) What is key framing? What are advantages of key framing? (6+6+6)
- **6.** (a) Explain any method for visible surface detection.
  - (b) Differentiate image precision and object precision. Describe Z-buffer algorithm for visible surface detection.
  - (c) Explain Back-face culling algorithm. (6+6+6)
- 7. (a) What is a color model? How can be change the RGB to HSV color model? Is HSV differ from HSI model? Explain.
  - (b) Write short note. (any three)
    - (i) Halftone approximation
    - (ii) Constructive Solid Geometry (CSG)
    - (iii) Specular reflection
    - (iv) CMY color model
    - (v) B-Spline Curves (9+(3+3+3))

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