BE1-R4: EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

NOTE:

1.	Answer question 1 and any FOUR from questions 2 to 7.
2.	Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same
	sequence.

Time: 3 Hours

- 1.
- a) Briefly describe the need for security in Bluetooth system.
- b) What are the necessary conditions for deadlock to occur in a system?
- c) Define security modeling.
- d) Briefly describe why an application developer may choose to run its application over UDP rather than TCP.
- e) Discuss shared data problem in RTOS.
- f) Differentiate between Bluetooth Wireless Protocol and IrDA.
- g) We are given tasks T_1 and T_2 . What does it mean to say that they execute concurrently?

(7x4)

Total Marks: 100

2.

- a) What do you mean by embedded system? How is it differentiated from a general-purpose computer?
- b) What do you mean by embedded system design process? State its importance.
- c) Specify the necessity of distinguishing the step system integration involved in embedded system design process.

(6+6+6)

- 3.
- a) Explain architecture of UART.
- b) Discuss features of PIC Microcontroller.

(9+9)

- 4.
- a) Specify the requirements involved in embedded system design process.
- b) Given a choice to select RISC or CISC microcontroller, which one is preferred for embedded applications and why?
- c) Explain how Port-based I/O is different from Bus-based I/O.

(6+6+6)

- 5.
- a) What are the benefits of using a general-purpose processor in the case of designing an embedded system? In this context, describe the benefits of using a standard single-purpose processor instead of using a general-purpose one.
- b) Differentiate registers from memory. Compare Princeton architecture and Harvard architecture. How is Cache memory related to Embedded computing system?

([5+4]+[2+4+3])

6.

- Explain Rate Monotonic Co-operative Scheduling. Explain Priority inversion problem. a)
- b)

(9+9)

- Write short notes on **any three** of the following: 7.
- CAN a)
- b) Watchdog Timer
- RTOS Scheduling c)
- Pipelining d)

(3x6)