

### B3.1: MANAGEMENT FUNDAMENTALS AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS

#### NOTE:

1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR from questions 2 to 7.
2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

**1.**

- a) What is SWOT analysis and how it helps an organization?
- b) Define information requirements and explain why they are difficult to determine correctly.
- c) Distinguish between operational and analytical CRM.
- d) Explain how software defects affect system reliability and security.
- e) Explain the concept of RAD and state when one should use this methodology to develop system.
- f) What are the different ways to perform system configuration controls?
- g) Explain the concept of Herzberg's Motivation-Hygiene Theory.

(7x4)

**2.**

- a) Explain how encryption protects information. Describe the role of encryption and digital certificates in a public key infrastructure.
- b) What is the relationship between organizations, information systems, and business processes?

(12+6)

**3.**

- a) Explain how the evolution of the Internet has changed the way organizations market and sell their products.
- b) Define and compare supply chain planning systems and supply chain execution systems.

(10+8)

**4.**

- a) "Knowledge increases exponentially," is a phrase with which we are all familiar. How does this concept apply to electronic business and the emergence of the digital firm? Support your contentions.
- b) What is the purpose of systems analysis? What does the systems analyst do to achieve these goals?

(12+6)

**5.**

- a) Define information system prototyping. Describe its benefits and limitations. List and describe the steps in the prototyping process.
- b) Discuss the role of CRM system and its various components in improving an organization's relationships with its customers.

(9+9)

**6.**

- a) Identify and discuss the major types of information systems in a business from an organization's level perspective. What is the relationship between these systems?
- b) Organizations deal with large amount of essential data regarding their products as well as customers. What are the various ways in which an organization can ensure data security control?

(9+9)

**7.**

- a) Describe how enterprise systems provide value for a business.
- b) What are the important factors you would use in evaluating computer hardware and software? Explain in detail.

(9+9)