## **BE1-R4: EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

#### NOTE:

- 1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR from questions 2 to 7.
- 2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

#### Time: 3 Hours

## Total Marks: 100

- 1.
- a) Give short explanation about common terms related to the microprocessors and microcontrollers:
  - i) Von-Neuman Architecure
  - ii) Harvard Architecture
- b) Define Task and Task status.
- c) Define Threads and Semaphores and how they are useful in RTOS?
- d) Explain DMA.
- e) What are the merits and demerits of IrDA?
- f) What are the important features required in a real-time operating system?
- g) Define the following terms commonly used in interrupt driven applications:
  - i) ROM emulator
  - ii) Logic Analyzer

(7x4)

- 2.
- a) Classify the real-time task scheduling algorithms. Explain each of them in details.
- b) Explain serial communication standard LIN (Local Interconnect Network) with a basic network overview diagram. How do they transmit & receive data? Enumerate LIN Versus CAN (Controller Area Network).
- c) Give distinct comparison about Waterfall Model and Spiral Model used in programming of embedded system.

(6+8+4)

## 3.

- a) Give comparative study of VX WORKS and PSOS, which are commonly used in embedded operating system.
- b) Write a 'C' program with respect to 8051 microcontrolling to read switch, if pressed as input on port P1.0 otherwise as output on port P3.

(8+10)

## 4.

- a) With respect to embedded system, how memory system architecture is specified? Give some brief overview about typical memory classification.
- b) Explain the following terms of synchronization and inter-process communication of embedded system.
  - i) Priority Inversion Problem
  - ii) Deadlock Situations

(6+12)

# 5.

- a) Explain architecture of PIC microcontroller.
- b) How optimization techniques used in embedded C or OOPS to eliminate the disadvantages of basic C language? State the optimization techniques commonly used in embedded system programming.
- c) Draw the block diagram of Bluetooth technology and explain the significance of each layer protocol in details.

(8+5+5)

- 6.
- a) Explain embedded database used in development of embedded applications. What are the differences from the traditional database such as oracle, SQL?
- b) How the performance is enhanced by pipeline operation in processors? Explain the high performance processor architecture VLIW. Differentiate VLIW over Superscalar architecture.
- c) Explain the operation and applications of USB.

(6+8+4)

- 7. Write short notes on:
- a) UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter)
- b) Voice over IP
- c) Classifications of interrupts in embedded technology

(6+6+6)