S1.	No.

## B4.3-R4: OBJECT ORIENTED DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

## NOTE:

- 1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR questions from 2 to 7.
- 2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

- 1. (a) What is the purpose of the struct keyword in ODL? Explain with an example.
  - (b) What are well-formed XML Document?
  - (c) Explain the term transaction integrity.
  - (d) Compare the term deadlock prevention and deadlock resolution.
  - (e) What is Inheritance? Which are the types of Inheritance?
  - (f) What is the role of Database tuning?
  - (g) Define virtual Function.

(7x4)

- **2.** (a) Using a class diagram, give an example for each of the following types of relationships: unary, binary, and ternary. Specify the multiplicities for all the relationships.
  - (b) Develop an ODL schema for the following problem situation. A student, whose attributes include studentName, Address, phone, and age, may engage in multiple campus-based activities. The university keeps track of the number of years a given student has participated in a specific activity and, at the end of each academic year, mails an activity report to the student showing his participation in various activities.

(9+9)

- 3. (a) Explain generalization and specialization in Object Relational Data Model.
  - (b) What is Object Modelling Techniques? What are different OMT Models? (6+12)
- **4.** (a) What does Object Oriented Database mean? Explain the approach for designing an Object oriented database.
  - (b) Given any application, how will you model and design the database using Object-Relational DBMS Approach? (12+6)
- **5.** (a) Discuss the concept of encapsulation and explain its use to create abstract data types.
  - (b) Explain OLAP database objects: Cubes, Data Sources, Fact Tables, Database roles.

(9+9)

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- **6.** (a) Explain Booch Methodology for OO Design?
  - (b) Explain various features of Coad/Yourdon notation for OO Design?
  - (c) Describe Object Exchange Model for semi structure data representation. (6+6+6)
- 7. (a) Compare RDBMS, OODBMS and ORDBMS.
  - (b) Explain the structure of Document Type Definition with an example. (9+9)

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