

B5.2-R4: AUTOMATA THEORY & COMPILER DESIGN

NOTE:

1. Answer question 1 and any FOUR from questions 2 to 7.
2. Parts of the same question should be answered together and in the same sequence.

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

1.
 - a) Prove that $(1+00^*1) + (1+00^*1)(0+10^*1)^*(0+10^*1) = 0^*1(0+10^*1)^*$.
 - b) What is a symbol table? Why is it necessary?
 - c) Define a Turing Machine.
 - d) Construct a CFG for generating signed floating point numbers.
 - e) What is a handle? Explain with an example.
 - f) What are activation records? Discuss their structure.
 - g) Convert the following Regular Expression into a Finite Automaton: $(1^*(00)^*1 + 01^*0)^*$.
(7x4)

2.
 - a) Construct a grammar G that will generate all palindromes over {a,b}.
 - b) Write an algorithm for removing Left Recursion. Remove Left Recursion from the following grammar:
S → Aa | b
A → Ac | Sd | e
 - c) What is peephole optimization? Explain its usage with examples.
(6+7+5)

3.
 - a) Write an algorithm for computing CLOSURE of LR(0) items. Hence compute the closure for the following augmented grammar:
E' → E
E → E+T | T
T → T*F | F
F → (E) | id
 - b) Find a grammar in Chomsky normal form equivalent to:
S → aAbB
A → aA | a
B → bB | b
(12+6)

4.
 - a) Write a code in LEX to accept the following tokens: whitespace, if, then, else, identifier, number, <, <=, >, >=, <>, =.
 - b) Construct a syntax-directed translation scheme that translates arithmetic expression from infix notation into postfix notation in which an operator appears after its operands. Give the annotated parse tree for the input 9-5*2.
(8+10)

5.

- a) Partition the given code into basic blocks and show how the produced flow graph is modified as code motion and induction variable elimination is applied on it.

```

1: PROD = 0
2: I = 1
3: T1 = 4 * I
4: T2 = addr(A) - 4
5: T3 = T2[T1]
6: T4 = addr(B) - 4
7: T5 = T4[T1]
8: T6 = T3 * T5
9: PROD = PROD + T6
10: I = I + 1
11: If I <= 20 goto 3
  
```

- b) Construct a grammar such that:
 $L(G) = \{w \in \{a,b\}^* \mid w \text{ has an equal number of a's and b's}\}$
 c) Convert the following Mealy machine into a Moore machine.

PRESENT STATE	NEXT STATE			
	Input = 0		Input = 1	
	STATE	OUTPUT	STATE	OUTPUT
q1	q2	Z1	q3	Z1
q2	q2	Z2	q3	Z1
q3	q2	Z1	q3	Z2

(8+5+5)

6.

- a) Considering the following grammar, create a predictive parsing table and hence parse the string $id+id*id$.

```

E -> TE'
E' -> +TE' | ε
T -> FT'
T' -> *FT' | ε
F -> (E) | id
  
```

- b) What is a DAG (Directed Acyclic Graph)? How does it help in code optimization? Construct a DAG for the following code:

```

a = b + c
b = b - d
c = c + d
e = b + c
  
```

(12+6)

7.

- a) Design a Turing machine over $\{1,b\}$ which can concatenate a pair of words, where $\Sigma = \{1\}$.

- b) What are synthesized and inherited attributes?

- c) Construct a pushdown automata equivalent to the following CFG and test whether 010000 is in $N(A)$.

```

S -> 0BB
B -> 0S | 1S | 0
  
```

(7+4+7)