## A6-R4: DATA STRUCTURE THROUGH C++

## NOTE:

- 1. There are **TWO PARTS** in this Module/Paper. **PART ONE** contains **FOUR** questions and **PART TWO** contains **FIVE** questions.
- 2. **PART ONE** is to be answered in the **OMR ANSWER SHEET** only, supplied with the question paper, as per the instructions contained therein. **PART ONE** is **NOT** to be answered in the answer book.
- 3. Maximum time allotted for **PART ONE** is **ONE HOUR**. Answer book for **PART TWO** will be supplied at the table when the answer sheet for **PART ONE** is returned. However, candidates, who complete **PART ONE** earlier than one hour, can collect the answer book for **PART TWO** immediately after handing over the answer sheet for **PART ONE**.

**TOTAL TIME: 3 HOURS** 

TOTAL MARKS: 100

(PART ONE - 40; PART TWO - 60)

## PART ONE (Answer all the questions)

- 1. Each question below gives a multiple choice of answers. Choose the most appropriate one and enter in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)
- 1.1 If given data is already in sorted then it will be a worst case of
- A) Bubble sort
- B) Selection sort
- C) Insertion sort
- D) Quick sort
- 1.2 Advantage of doubly linked list over singly linked list is in
- A) Addition at head
- B) Addition at tail
- C) Deletion at head
- D) Deletion at tail
- 1.3 Condition of isFull() in a circular queue array implementation of size N is
- A) if Front ==0 & Rear ==N-1 and Front ==Rear +1
- B) if Front ==0 & Rear ==N and Front ==Rear +1
- C) if Front == 0 & Rear == N-1 and Front == Rear -1
- D) if Front ==1 & Rear ==N and Front ==Rear +1
- 1.4 A mathematical-model with a collection of operations defined on that model is called
- A) Data Structure
- B) Abstract Data Type
- C) Primitive Data Type
- D) Algorithm
- 1.5 The equivalent postfix expression of
  - $(B+C)^*(D^*E F)^*G / H$  is
- A) BC + DE\*F GH / \*\*
- B) BC + D\*EF GH / \*\*
- C) BC + DEF\* GH / \*\*
- D) None of the above

- 1.6 The hashing technique belongs to the following file organization method:
- A) Direct File Organization
- B) Sequential File Organization
- C) Index sequential File Organization
- D) None of the above
- 1.7 Let B be an adjacency matrix of a graph G. The jk<sup>th</sup> entry in the matrix B<sup>i</sup>, gives
- A) The number of paths of length K from vertex Vi to vertex Vj.
- B) Shortest path of i edges from vertex Vi to vertex Vk.
- C) Length of a Eulerian path from vertex Vi to vertex Vi.
- D) Length of a Hamiltonian cycle from vertex Vi to vertex Vj.
- 1.8 Protected member of a class in C++
- A) Can be inherited by derived class but cannot be accessed directly through an object
- B) Cannot be inherited by derived class but can be accessed directly through an object
- C) Can be inherited by derived class and can be accessed directly through an object
- D) Cannot be inherited by derived class and cannot be accessed directly through an object
- 1.9 The number of non-zero entries in a lower triangular matrix of order nXn
- A) (n(n+1)/2)
- B) 2n
- C)  $n^2$
- D) None of the above
- 1.10 You have to sort a list L consisting of a sorted list followed by a few "random" elements. Which of the following sorting methods would be especially suitable for such a task?
- A) Bubble sort
- B) Selection sort
- C) Quick sort
- D) Insertion sort
- 2. Each statement below is either TRUE or FALSE. Choose the most appropriate one and ENTER in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)
- 2.1 You can not create an object of an abstract class.
- 2.2 public member function of a class can not be directly accesses outside the class.
- 2.3 Complexity of bubble sort in worst case is  $O(n^2)$ .
- 2.4 In circular array implementation of queue more space is wasted as compared to linear array.
- 2.5 Hashing is used to arrange the records in a particular order.
- 2.6 Arrays requires contiguous block of memory.
- 2.7 binary search takes more time than linear search.
- 2.8 B-trees remain balanced after every insertion and deletion.
- 2.9 Constructor can be a static member of the class.
- 2.10 To speedup the searching of an element in a linked list. Skip Lists are used.

3. Match words and phrases in column X with the closest related meaning/word(s)/phrase(s) in column Y. Enter your selection in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)

X		Υ		
3.1	The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a	A.	Collision resolution	
3.2	Depth of a complete Binary tree	B.	Standard template library	
3.3	Linear search	C.	Static template library	
3.4	FIFO	D.	Queue	
3.5	Quick sort	E.	Log₂n + 1	
3.6	The best average behavior is shown by	F.	Copy constructor	
3.7	Processing each element of a linked list	G.	Quick sort	
3.8	STL stands for	H.	Bubble sort	
3.9	Cannot be overloaded	I.	O(n)	
3.10	Function is designed to copy objects of the same class type?	J.	Scope resolution operator	
		K.	Traversing	
		نـ	Stack	
		М.	Divide and conquer	

4. Each statement below has a blank space to fit one of the word(s) or phrase(s) in the list below. Enter your choice in the "OMR" answer sheet supplied with the question paper, following instructions therein. (1x10)

A.	Inorder	B.	Postorder	C.	Divide and conquer
D.	Preorder successor	шİ	Threads	F.	Derived
G.	Minimum spanning tree	H.	Searching	I.	Public
J.	Private	K.	Queue	L.	Array
М.	Overflow				

4.1	traversal arranges all the keys in ascending order.					
4.2	Prim's algorithm finds for connected weighted graph.					
4.3	A non-recursive traversal of a tree can be written using					
4.4	is same as recursion.					
4.5	members can not be inherited in derived class.					
4.6	Breadth first traversal of a tree can be implemented using					
4.7	is a linear data structure.					
4.8	In linked implementation of stack no condition is required unless memory is					
	exhausted.					
4.9	Hashing is used to speedup					
<b>4</b> 10	A base class object can contain the address of class object					

## PART TWO (Answer any FOUR questions)

5.

- a) Design a class for circular linked list and write the following functions:
  - i) To display contents of this list
  - ii) To add a new node in the beginning
- b) Write the method to find middle element of linked list only in one pass?

([2+4+4]+5)

6.

- a) Design a class for binary search tree and write a function to count number of leaf nodes.
- b) Draw a binary search tree for the following sequence:

50, 20, 30, 60, 65, 55, 80, 15, 8, 35, 70

What is the height of the resultant tree?

(9+6)

7.

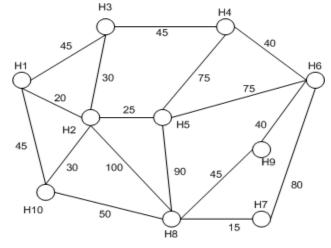
a) Evaluate the following postfix expression using stack showing position of stack after each step.

b) Write a program to perform binary search and search for 23 using binary search on the following data:

(6+9)

8.

- a) A queue is represented in memory using a circular array of size n. Write conditions to check underflow and overflow for this circular array.
- b) Take an initially empty hash table with seven slots, with hash function  $h(x) = x \mod 7$ , and with collisions resolved by chaining. Draw a sketch of what happens when inserting the following sequence of keys into it: 45, 2, 28, 16, 13, 10, 8.
- c) Find the minimum spanning tree of the given graph using Prim's Method considering H1 as the starting node.



(5+4+6)

9.

- a) Perform Bubble Sort on the given input sequence explaining step by step process. 57 25 7 20 19 45 37 66
- b) Design a class for complex number and write a program in C++ to overload binary operator + for adding two complex numbers.

(7+8)