जम्मीदवार इस पुरितका में ऊपर की तरफ लगी हुई सील को खोलकर पृष्ठ संख्या 2 और 3 के मध्य स्थापित OMR उत्तर शीट को निकाल लें। Candidates should open the seal on the top side of this Booklet and take Booklet No. : out the OMR Answer Sheet placed between page no. 2 and 3.

पुस्तिका सं.:

294397

परीक्षा पुस्तिका शृंखला : परीक्षा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका/EXAMINATION QUESTION BOOKLET Test Booklet Series: निर्धारित समय : 3 घंटे (दृष्टिबाधित उम्मीदवारों के लिए : 4 घंटे) अधिकतम अंक: 120 Time Allowed: 3 Hours (For V.H. Candidates: 4 Hours) Maximum Marks: 120 उत्तर शीट सं.: Roll No.: Answer Sheet No. :

प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले निम्नलिखित अनुदेशों को ध्यान से पढ़ लें। इस पुस्तिका में प्रश्न अंग्रेजी में दिए गए हैं। Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions. This booklet contains questions in English.

उम्मीदवारों के लिए अनुदेश

Instructions to the Candidates

1. प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखना आरंभ करने से पहले आप इस पुस्तिका की जाँच करके स्निश्चित कर लें कि इसमें पूरे पृष्ठ (20) हैं तथा कोई पृष्ठ या उसका भाग कम या दबारा तो नहीं आ गया है। उम्मीदवारों को यह भी जाँच करनी है कि उनको केवल उस स्ट्रीम की सही परीक्षा-पुस्तिका मिली है जिसके लिए उन्होंने आवेदन किया है। यदि आप इस पुस्तिका में कोई त्रुटि पाएं, तो तत्काल इसके बदले दूसरी पुस्तिका ले लें।

- ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट, प्रश्न पुस्तिका में ही उपलब्ध रहेगी। ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट में विवरण भरने से पहले, आपको ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट पर मुद्रित अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ना चाहिए। आपको ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट में दिए गए अनुदेशों के अनुसार सावधानीपूर्वक उसमें विवरण और कोड लिखने चाहिए। प्रश्नों के उत्तर वास्तविक रूप में लिखना आरंभ करने से पहले आपको ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट में निर्धारित स्थान पर अपने हस्ताक्षर करने चाहिए। इन अनुदेशों का पूर्ण अनुपालन किया जाना चाहिए, ऐसा न किये जाने पर आपकी ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जायेगा। (दृष्टिहीन उम्मीदवारों के लिए यह विवरण लेखक द्वारा भरे जायेंगे। फिर भी, सभी दृष्टिहीन उम्मीदवारों को ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट में निर्धारित स्थान पर अपने बाएं हाथ के अंगूठे का निशान अवश्य लगाना चाहिए। इसके अतिरिक्त, जो दृष्टिहीन उम्मीदवार अपना हस्ताक्षर कर सकते हैं, वे अंगूठे के निशान के अलावा अपने हस्ताक्षर भी करें।)
- ओ एम् आर उत्तर-शीट तीन प्रतियों में होंगी (मूल तथा कार्बन की दो प्रतिलिपियाँ)। परीक्षा समाप्ति के बाद ओ एम् आर की मूल शीट तथा एक कार्बन प्रतिलिपि निरीक्षक को सौंपने के पश्चात् उम्मीदवार अपने साथ एक कार्बन प्रतिलिपि ले जा सकते/सकती हैं। यदि कोई भी उम्मीदवार ऐसा करने में असफल रहता/रहती है तो उसका/ उसकी उम्मीदवारी रद्द कर दी जायेगी। यदि कोई उम्मीदवार अपना/ अपनी कार्बन प्रतिलिपि में किसी भी प्रकार का फेर-बदल कर उसका दावा करता/ करती है तो इस स्थिति में भी उसका/उसकी उम्मीदवारी रद्द की जायेगी।
- इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 120 बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं, प्रत्येक प्रश्न के 4 विकल्प दिए गए हैं, (A), (B), (C) और (D)। किसी भी स्थिति में प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक विकल्प ही सही उत्तर है। यदि आपको एक से अधिक विकल्प सही लगें तो सबसे अधिक उचित एक विकल्प का चुनाव करें और उत्तर-शीट में सम्बंधित प्रश्न के सामने वाले उपयुक्त गोले को काला करें।

प्रत्येक सही उत्तर के लिए 1 अंक दिया जाएगा और प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए 0.25 अंक काट लिया जाएगा।

प्रश्न पुस्तिका में दो भाग हैं : भाग A : सामान्य (42 प्रश्न) और भाग B : तकनीकी (78 प्रश्न)। उम्मीदवार को दोनों भागों के उत्तर लिखना अनिवार्य हैं।

गोले को काला करने के लिए केवल काले/नीले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन का प्रयोग करें। गोले को एक बार काला करने के बाद इसको मिटाने या बदलने की अनुमित नहीं है। यदि किसी प्रश्न के सामने एक से ज्यादा गोले काले किये गए हों तो मशीन द्वारा उसके लिए **शून्य अंक** दिया जाएगा।

किसी भी स्थिति में उत्तर-शीट को न मोड़ें।

उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई भी रफ कार्य नहीं करना है। रफ कार्य के लिए इस पुस्तिका में स्थान दिया गया है।

10. परीक्षा हॉल/कमरों में मोबाइल फ़ोन तथा बेतार संचार साधन पूरी तरह निषिद्ध हैं। उम्मीदवारों को उनके अपने हित में सलाह दी जाती है कि मोबाइल फ़ोन/किसी अन्य बेतार संचार साधन को स्विच ऑफ करके भी अपने पास न रखें। इस प्रावधान का अनुपालन न करने को परीक्षा में अनुचित उपायों का प्रयोग माना जायेगा और उनके विरुद्ध कार्यवाही की जाएगी, जिसमें उनकी उम्मीदवारी रद्द करना भी शामिल है।

11. परीक्षार्थी को अपनी उत्तर-शीट निरीक्षक को सौंपे बिना और उपस्थिति पत्रिका पर हस्ताक्षर किये बिना परीक्षा हॉल/कमरा नहीं छोड़ना चाहिए, ऐसा नहीं करने पर अयोग्य घोषित कर दिया जाएगा।

Before you start to answer the questions you must check up this booklet and ensure that it contains all the pages (20) and see that no page or portion thereof is missing or repeated. Candidates are also required to check that they have got the right question booklet as per the post applied. If you find any defect in this Booklet, you must get it replaced *immediately*. OMR Answer-Sheet will be within the Question booklet. Read the instructions printed on OMR Answer-Sheet carefully before

filling the information on the OMR Answer-Sheet. You must complete and code the details as per the instructions given in the OMR Answer-Sheet carefully. You must also put your signature on the OMR Answer-Sheet at the prescribed place before you actually start answering the questions. These instructions must be fully complied with, failing which, your OMR Answer-Sheet will not be evaluated. (For V.H. candidates these details will be filled in by the scribe. However, all V.H. candidates must put their left-hand thumb impression at the space provided in the OMR Answer-Sheet. In addition, those V.H. candidates who can sign should also put their signatures in addition to thumb impression.)

The OMR Answer-Sheet will be in triplicate (Original and two carbon copies). Candidate has to take one carbon copy (marked as 'candidate copy') with him/her after examination and handover the original OMR along with one carbon copy to invigilator. If candidates fails to handover the original OMR along with one carbon copy to invigilator, his/her candidature will be cancelled. Further, if the candidate tempers with candidate OMR carbon copy and claims for same, in that case also his/her candidature will be cancelled. This question booklet consists of 120 Multiple Choice

Questions. Each question has 4 (four) alternatives (A), (B), (C) and (D). In any case only one alternative will be the correct answer. In case if you find more than one correct answer, then choose the most appropriate single option and darken the appropriate circle in the Answer-Sheet in front of the related question.

the related question.
For each correct answer One mark will be given and for each incorrect answer 0.25 marks will be deducted.
Question Booklet consists of two parts: Part A: Generic (having 42 questions) and Part B: Technical (having 78 questions). Candidate has to attempt both parts compulsorily.
Use Black/Blue ball point Pen to darken the circle. Answer

once darkened is not allowed to be erased or altered. Against any question if more than one circle is darkened, machine will allot zero mark for that question.

Do not fold Answer-Sheet in any case. No rough work is to be done on the Answer-Sheet. Space for

rough work has been provided in this booklet.

10. Mobile phones and wireless communication devices are completely banned in the examination hall/rooms. Candidates are advised not to keep mobile phones/any other wireless communication devices with them even switching it off, in their own interest. Failing to comply with this provision will be considered as using unfair means in the examination and action will be taken against them including cancellation of their candidature.

11. Candidate should not leave the examination hall/room without handing over his/her Answer-Sheet to the invigilator and without signing on the attendance sheet. Failing in doing so, will amount to disqualification.

जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए तब तक प्रश्न–पुरितका न खोलें।/ DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

	A THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH	
मैंने सभी अनुदेशों को स्पष्टतः पढ़कर समझ लिया है और मैं	उस पर बाध्य रहूँगा। ऐ	ऐसा नहीं करने पर मेरी उम्मीदवारी को रद्द करने के विषय में मेरी सहमति होगी।
I have read and understood the instructions	clearly and shall	ll abide by the same. Failure to do so shall made me liable for
cancellation of my candidature.		
उम्मीदवार का नाम/Name of Candidate:		उम्मीदवार के हस्ताक्षर/Signature of Candidate :
दिनांक/Date :	स्थान/Place:	



PART - A GENERIC AREA

Choose the most appropriate option.

(Q. No. 1 to 42)

Directions for question number 1 and 2:

Study the following information carefully and answer the question:

Group of girls' gossip with each other. All are sitting surrounding a round table. The name of the girls are Shiksha, Radha, Chinu, Snigdha and Rani. It is not necessary that they are sitting in the order of the name as mentioned here. Radha is second to the right of Shiksha. Shiksha doesn't sit with Chinu. Rani is second to the right of Radha. Radha sits near Snigdha.

- 1. Who sits to the left of Shiksha?
 - (A) Rani
 - (B) Radha
 - (C) Chinu
 - (D) Snigdha
- 2. If Radha and Snigdha change their places then who will be second to the left of Rani?
 - (A) Radha
 - (B) Snigdha
 - (C) Shiksha
 - (D) None of the options
- 3. A is the father of B and C is the son of D. E is the brother of A. B is the sister of C. How is D related to E?
 - (A) Daughter
 - (B) Brother

A/Page 2

- (C) Brother in Law
- (D) Sister in Law

- 4. Pointing towards a picture, Ramesh said, "That picture is of sister of grandson of father of my maternal uncle". How is that lady in the picture related to Ramesh?
 - (A) Mother's sister
 - (B) Cousin (maternal brother)
 - (C) Cousin (maternal sister)
 - (D) Father's sister

Directions for question number 5 to 7:

Two statements followed by four conclusions numbered from (I) to (IV) are given. You have to take the two statements to be true even if these seem to be at variance from the commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and decide which of the given conclusions logically follow from the two given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

5. All Shoes are Socks

Some Socks are Gloves

Conclusions:

- (I) Some Shoes are Gloves
- Some Socks are Shoes
- III) All Gloves are Shoes
- (IV) No Shoes are Gloves
- (A) Only (I) follows
- (B) Only (II) follows
- (C) Only (III) follows
- (D) Only (IV) follows

6.	All Boys are Girls	9.	Refer the statement and solve the question		
	No Girl is a Man		according to the conclusions.		
	Conclusions:		Statement :		
	(I) No Boy is a Man	1	Some Pigeons are Bird;		
	(II) Some Boys are Man	İ	Some Birds are Alive		
	(III) All Girls are Boys		Conclusion:		
	(IV) Some Man are Boys		(I) Some Pigeons are Alive		
	(A) Only (III) follows		(II) Some Birds are Pigeons		
	(B) Only (I) follows		(A) Only (I) follows		
	(C) All follows		(B) Only (II) follows		
	(D) None follows		(C) Both (I) & (II) follows		
			(D) None follows		
7.	All Sentences are Words				
	All Words are Alphabets		Find the number which does not fit into the series 8 12 20 32 50 68.		
	Conclusions:				
	(I) All words are sentences		(A) 20		
	(II) All sentences are alphabets		(B) 32		
	(III) All alphabets are words		(C) 68		
	(IV) Some alphabets are words		(D) 50		
	(A) Only (I) and (III) follows (B) Only (II), (III) and (IV) follows	11.	5 16 49 104 181		
	(C) Only (II) and (IV) follows		(A) 271		
	(D) All follows		(B) 298		
	(b) Am lonows		(C) 280		
8.	If 'CONTEMPORARY' is coded as NOCTEMROPARY then		(D) 281		
	'BODARDSITAND' is the code of which letter?	12.	14, 28, 20, 40, 32, 64,		
	(A) DOBARDTISAND		(A) 52		
	(B) BODDRASITDNA		(B) 56		
	(C) DOBDRATISDNA		(C) 96		
	(D) DOBARDSITAND		(D) 128		

A/Page 3

- 13. In a certain code, 'CONSIDER' is written as RMNBSFEJ, how is 'MONOPOLY' written in that code?
 - (A) LNMNZMPQ
 - (B) NMNLZMPQ
 - (C) POPNXKNO
 - (D) NMNLXKNO

Directions for question number 14 to 18:

Answer the questions on the basis of the following information provided:

The students of a school participates in various sports activities, the distribution of the same is given below:

Football - 17%

Handball - 26%

Badminton - 16%

Table Tennis - 22%

Basketball - 19%

Total number of students in the school are 800.

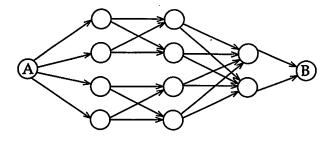
- 14. What is the number of girls who take part in handball, if the ratio of boys to girls is 3:10 respectively?
 - (A) 48
 - (B) 80
 - (C) 78
 - (D) 160

- 15. What is the respective ratio between the total number of students taking part in Badminton and Table Tennis together and those participating in Basketball and Football together?
 - (A) 11:13
 - (B) 18:19
 - (C) 19:18
 - (D) 29:28
- 6. What is the approximate average of number of participants in Handball, Badminton and Basketball?
 - (A) 162
 - (B) 163
 - (C) 104
 - (D) 169
- 17. The number of students taking part in Basketball is approximately what percent more than those taking part in Football?
 - (A) 10.84%
 - (B) 9.92%
 - (C) 9.32%
 - (D) None of the options
- 18. If out of the number of students in Basketball, 69 are girls, what is the difference between the number of boys and girls taking part in Basketball?

STA

- (A) 17
- (B) 23
- (C) 86
- (D) 14
- SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

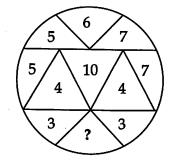
What is the total number of ways to reach A to B in the network given?



- (A) 12
- (B) 16
- (C) 20
- (D) 22
- 20. Complete the following series.

- (A) 46656
- (B) 6250
- (C) 800000
- (D) 1024
- 21. Ramesh's father is a paediatrician. Ram's father is a trader. Krishan's father is a school teacher. Krishan falls ill. Where should his father take him?
 - (A) to home
 - (B) to school
 - (C) to Ramesh's father
 - (D) to Ram's father

- 2. Five people are standing in a row. Aman is standing next to Karan but not adjacent to Tanuj. Radhika is standing next to Priyanka who is standing on the extreme left and Tanuj is not standing next to Radhika. Who are Standing adjacent to Aman?
 - (A) Radhika and Karan
 - (B) Karan and Tanuj
 - (C) Karan and Priyanka
 - (D) Radhika and Tanuj
- 23. Find the missing number.



- (A) 14
- (B) 10
- (C) 9
- (D) 3
- 24. If 5% income of P is equal to 15% income of Q and 10% income of Q is equal to 20% income of R. If income of R is ₹ 2000, then what are the incomes of P and Q respectively?
 - (A) ₹ 4000 and ₹ 8000
 - (B) ₹ 12000 and ₹ 4000
 - (C) ₹ 15000 and ₹ 5000
 - (D) ₹ 18000 and ₹ 6000

- 25. A businessman purchases an item at a certain price and marks its price up by 30%. He sells the item at a certain discount on markup price and makes a net profit of 4% on the whole transaction. Find the discount given by businessman on markup price.
 - (A) 10
 - (B) 15
 - ·(C) 26
 - (D) 20

Directions for question number 26 to 29:

Answer the questions on the basis of the data given below:

O is X's father

Y is Z's mother

P is O's mother

X is Z's sister

- **26.** How is O related to Z?
 - (A) Brother
 - (B) Cousin
 - (C) Father
 - (D) Uncle
- 27. How is P related to X?
 - (A) Mother
 - (B) Grandmother
 - (C) Sister
 - (D) Daughter

- 28. How is Y related to O?
 - (A) Wife
 - (B) Sister
 - (C) Mother
 - (D) Daughter
- 29. If P has a daughter Q, then how is Q related to Z?
 - (A) Aunt
 - (B) Mother
 - (C) Sister
 - (D) Daughter
- 30. Considering 5 as the 1st element in the sequence 5, 11, 23, 47. What is the 6th element in the sequence?
 - (A) 191
 - (B) 172
 - (C) 342
 - (D) 106
- 31. A Class has 100 students with roll number from 101 to 200. All the even numbered students study Physics, whose roll number are divisible by 5 study Chemistry & students with roll numbers divisible by 7 study Biology. How many students do not study any of the given subject Physics, Chemistry or Biology?
 - (A) 35
 - (B) 45
 - (C) 51
 - (D) 62

- 32. ₹ 1000 doubled in 10 years when compounded annually. How many more years will it take to get another ₹ 2000 compound interest?
 - (A) 5 years
 - (B) 10 years
 - (C) 3 years
 - (D) 4 years
- 33. Ram can do a piece of work in 5 days, and Sham can do the same in 10 days. With the help of Karan, they finished the work in 2 days. How many days would it take Karan to do the work?
 - (A) 5 days
 - (B) 10 days
 - (C) 15 days
 - (D) 20 days
- 34. Choose the alternative to decide whether the data given in the statements is/are sufficient to answer the question based on the following information.

Five persons A, B, C, D and E are sitting in a row. Who is sitting in the middle?

Statements:

- (I) E is to the left of B.
- (II) B is in-between C and E.
- (III) D is in-between E and A.

Choose which of the following will be sufficient to find out who is sitting in the middle?

- (A) Only (I) and (II)
- (B) Only (II) and (III)
- (C) Only (I) and (III)
- (D) All (I), (II) and (III)

Directions for question number 35 to 37:

Relationship between different elements is provided in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statement and choose the correct answer.

35.
$$T >= U = V <= W < X; V >= Y$$

Conclusions:

- $(I) \quad Y <= T$
- (II) $U \ge X$
- (A) if only conclusion (I) follows
- (B) if only conclusion (II) follows
- (C) if neither (I) nor (II) conclusion follows
- (D) if both (I) and (II) conclusions follow

36.
$$P \le Q \le R > S; T \ge R; S \ge U$$

Conclusions:

- (I) T > S
- (II) U < R
- (A) if only conclusion (I) follows
- (B) if only conclusion (II) follows
- (C) if neither (I) nor (II) conclusion follows
- (D) if both (I) and (II) conclusions follow

37.
$$A \le B < C > = D; C \le E \le F$$

Conclusions:

- (I) $F \ge D$
- (II) A > E
- (A) if only conclusion (I) follows
- (B) if only conclusion (II) follows
- (C) if neither (I) nor (II) conclusion follows
- (D) if both (I) and (II) conclusions follow

STA

Directions - Question number 38 to 42 are | 38. What is the salary received by a person based on following information:

There are twelve persons named O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z who live in a multi-storey apartment. The apartment has three floors and each floor has four rooms. These 12 persons who live in a set of 12 Rooms can be represented by a Matrix of 3 rows and 4 columns.

- Q lives immediate left below diagonally of a person who lives immediate left below diagonally of T.
- S lives immediate left above diagonally of a person who lives immediate left above diagonally of Z.
- X lives immediate right above diagonally of a person who lives immediate right below diagonally of O.
- P lives immediate right above diagonally of a person who lives immediate right above diagonally of Y.
- T lives immediate left above diagonally of a person who lives third to the right of V.
- Q lives immediate left of a person who lives two rooms below W in the same column.
- R lives to the immediate right of a person who lives immediate right above diagonally of Q. Z is living to the immediate left of U who receives ₹ 46000 as salary.
- The person who live on one of the floors (left to right) receive salary in the same order ₹ 50000, ₹ 48000, ₹ 47000 and ₹ 46000.
- The person who live on one of the floors (right to left) receive salary in the same order ₹ 45000, ₹ 38000, ₹ 35000 and ₹ 40000.
- The person who live on one of the floors (left to right) receive salary in the same order ₹ 37000, ₹ 42000, ₹ 36000 and ₹ 43000.

- who lives second to the right of S?
 - (A) ₹ 35000
 - ₹ 45000
 - ₹ 37000
 - (D) ₹ 38000
- 39. Who among the following lives third to the left of U?
 - (A) O
 - (B) Q
 - (C) T
 - (D) S
- What is the sum of salaries of Y and P?
 - (A) ₹ 90000
 - ₹ 99000
 - ₹ 93000
 - (D) ₹89000
- What is the sum of the salaries received by the persons living on the top floor of the apartment?
 - (A) ₹ 158000
 - ₹ 193000
 - (C) ₹ 157000
 - (D) ₹ 161000
- What is the aggregate salary of people living at the right end of the apartment?
 - (A) ₹ 137000
 - (B) ₹ 134000
 - (C) ₹ 125000
 - (D) ₹ 131000

PART - B

TECHNICAL AREA

Choose the most appropriate option.

(Q. No. 43 to 120)

- In ICMP, in case of time exceeded error, when the datagram visits a router, the value of time to live field is _____.
 - Remains constant
 - Decremented by 2
 - Incremented by 1
 - (D) Decremented by 1
- Which among the following types of Server filters Website Traffic?
 - POP Server
 - Database Server
 - Proxy Server
 - (D) Mail Server
- (<ALL) comparison operator means:
 - (A) more than the maximum value in the subquery
 - less than the minimum value in the subquery
 - is equivalent to IN
 - (D) none of the options

- 46. Assume that the SLR parser for a grammar G has n1 states and the LALR parser for G has n2 states. The relationship between n1 and n2 is:
 - (A) n1 is necessarily less than n2
 - n1 is necessarily equal to n2
 - n1 is necessarily greater than n2
 - (D) none of the options
- **47.** Which of the following is not a part of the Test Implementation and Execution Phase?
 - Creating test suites from the test cases
 - Executing test cases either manually or by using test execution tools
 - Comparing actual results
 - (D) Designing the Tests
- What is meant by the following relational algebra statement: STUDENT × COURSE?
 - Compute the natural join between the STUDENT and COURSE relations
 - Compute the left outer join between the STUDENT and COURSE relations
 - Compute the cartesian product between the STUDENT and **COURSE** relations
 - Compute the outer join between the STUDENT and COURSE relations

STA

A/Pa	ıge 10	SPACE FOR RO	UGH	WO:	RK STA
	(D)	0.64		(D)	4 GB
	(C)	0.74		(C)	1 GB
	(B)	0.40		(B)	16 MB
	(A)	0.47		(A)	64 MB
		e of r _{12.3} is:			ssible memory capacity of
51.	Given $r_{12} = 0.6$, $r_{13} = 0.5$ and $r_{23} = 0.8$, the		55.	A 2	6-bit address bus has maximum ssible memory capacity of
		optimization		(D)	3, 0, 1
	(D)	cannot otherwise be used for		(C)	3, 2, 2
	\D\	·		(B)	2, 2, 1
	` /	analysis cannot otherwise be used for optimization		(A)	1, 2, 2
	(C)	the information from data flow		add	
	(B)	program analysis is more accurate on intermediate code than on machine code	54.	Hov rea	w many AND, OR and XOR gates are uired for implementation of full
	(11)	compiler to other target processors		(D)	Tree is a DAG
	(A)			(C)	Tree can have a cycle
50.		ne code optimizations are carried out the intermediate code because:		(B)	A graph is a tree
				(A)	A tree is a graph
	(D)	For a given exception, multiple catch can execute	53.	Wh and	ich of the following is not true for tree
	(C)	Finally block execute only when the class is inherited		(D)	Right to Left fashion
	ن <i>ت</i> ،	associated with it		(C)	Left to Right fashion
	(B)			(B)	Bottom up fashion
	(2.2)	associated catch with it		(A)	Top down fashion
) Single try can have multiple		is c	proach the value of an optimal solution omputed in :
49		rring exception handling, which of the lowing statements hold true?	52.		case of the dynamic programming

56.	SRL	stands for	61.	Fine	d the r	node o	of the	follow	ing da	ta:
	(A)	Software Requirements Definition	l -		1	1	1	1		<u> </u>
	(B)	Structured Requirements Definition	Ag	ge 0-	6 6-12	12-18	18-24	24-30	30-36	36-42
	(C)	Software Requirements Diagram	Fre	q- 6	111	25	25	10	10	
	(D)	Structured Requirements Diagram	uen	су	11	25	35	18	12	6
57.		ch of the following problem is not NP plete but undecidable ? Partition Problem Halting Problem Hamiltonian Circuit Bin Packing	62.	(A)	by a	7 2 4 ignatu on-reposender	udiatio	n of co		ication
58.	A st but (A)	ack can be implemented using queue, then we need to use atleast : 3 queues		(B) (C) (D)	for a	II DHO	ail sen CP ser insacti	ver		
	(B)	2 queues	63.							matrix
	(C)	only one queue is sufficient			ig Stra rithm		s mat	rix m	ıltipli	cation
59.	(D)	none of the options ling the style attributes in HTML		A =	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$		1	$B = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	4 2	
<i>.</i>	elem	ents, is known to be			11					$\frac{1}{22} = 34$
	(A)	Internal		٠,	11					$_{22} = 34$
	(B)	Inline								$\frac{1}{22} = 34$
	(C)	Outline		(D)	C ₁₁ -	- 20, C	12 - 10	, C ₂₁ -	- 02, C	$l_{22} = 34$
	(D)	External	64.	com	plexit	y to s	solve	the 0/	′1 kna	t time
60.		n in the MVC architecture that receives its is called		num		items			-	nts the apsack
	(A)	Receiver		(A)	O(n)	•				
	(B)	Controller		(B)	O(w)				
	(C)	Transmitter		(C)	O(nv	•				
=	(D)	Modulator		(D)	O(n	+ w)				
A/Pa	age 1	SPACE FOR R	OUGI	H WC	ORK					STA

65.		ding the location of the element with a en value is:	69.	Type of conflicts that can arise in LR(techniques are				
	(A)	Traversal		(A)	Shift-reduce conflict			
	(B)	Search		(B)	Shift-Shift conflict			
	(C)	Sort		` '	Both "Shift-reduce conflict" & "Shift-Shift conflict"			
	(D)	None of the options		(D)	None of the options			
66.	Pee	phole optimization is a :	70.		nputer has a single cache (off-chip) a 3 ns hit time and a 95% hit rate.			
	(A)	Loop optimization		Main	memory has a 50 ns access time. If			
	(B)	Local optimization			ld an on-chip cache with a 0.6 ns hit and a 98% hit rate, the computer's			
	(C)	Constant folding			ive access time :			
	(D)	Data flow analysis		(A)	2.8 ns			
		•		(B)	5.5 ns			
67.	Whi	Which one of the following statements is FALSE?		(C)	0.7 ns			
				(D)	None of the options			
	(A)	Context-free grammar can be used to specify both lexical and syntax rules.	71.	a bloc	CSS property allow to wrap k of text around an image.			
	(B)	Type checking is done before parsing.		(A)	wrap			
	(C)	High level language programs can be translated to different Intermediate Representations.		(B)	push			
				(C)	float			
	(D)	Arguments to a function can be		(D)	align			
	(D)	passed using the program stack.			,			
			72.	Let R FDs. I	= (A, B, C, D, E) having following $F = \{A \rightarrow BC, CD \rightarrow E, B \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow A\}$			
68.	Whice supp	ch of the following construct is not orted by Java Server Pages?		Which of the following is not a Candidat key?				
	(A)	JSP Directives		(A)	A			
	(B)	JSP Scriptlets		(B) 1	В			
	(C)	JSP Actions		(C) I	E			
	(D)	JSP Reaction		(D) I	BC			
A /D.	SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK							

73.	3. Anomalies are avoided by splitting the offending relation into multiple relations, is also known as						
	(A)	Accupressure					
	(B)	Decomposition					
	(C)	Precomposition					
	(D)	Both decomposition & precomposition					
74.	•	at is the output of following program?	76.				
	abstra {	ct class Sum					
		lic abstract int sumOfTwo(int n1, int n2); lic abstract int sumOfThree(int n1, int n2, int n3);					
	publ	lic void disp(){ System.out.println("Method of class Sum");					
	} class I	DemoAbstract1 extends Sum	77.				
	publ {	lic int sumOfTwo(int num1, int num2)					
		return num1+num2;					
	} publ {	lic int sumOfThree(int num1, int num2, int num3)					
	ì	return num1+num2+num3;					
		lic static void main(String args[]){ Sum obj = new DemoAbstract1(); System.out.println(obj.sumOfTwo(3, 7)); System.out.println(obj.sumOfThree(4, 3, 19)); obj.disp();	78.				
	} }						
	(A)	10 26 Method of class Sum					
	(B)	26 10 Method of class Sum					
	(C)	Method of class Sum 26 10					
	(D)	Error					

e s,	75.	The field in IPv4 datagram is not related to fragmentation.
		(A) Flag
		(B) Offset
		(C) TOS
n		(D) Identifier
,	76.	The default character encoding in HTMI 5

- (A) UTF-16
- UTF-32
- UTF-8
- (D) ISO-8859-1

Black Box Software Testing method focuses on the :

- Boundary condition of the software
- Control structure of the software
- Testing of User Interface only
- (D) Cyclomatic Complexity

Which of the following scenarios may lead to an irrecoverable error in a database system?

- (A) A transaction writes a data item after it is read by an uncommitted transaction.
- (B) A transaction reads a data item after it is read by an uncommitted transaction.
- (C) A transaction reads a data item after it is written by a committed transaction.
- (D) A transaction reads a data item after it is written by an uncommitted transaction.

		•			
79.	9. Which of the following algorithms can be used to most efficiently find whether a cycle is present in a given graph?		82.	in a	guarantee correction of upto 5 errors all cases, the minimum Hamming tance in a block code must be
	(A)	Prim's Minimum Spanning Tree Algorithm		(A)	11
	(B)	Breadth First Search		(B)	6
	(C)	Depth First Search		(C)	5
	(D)	Kruskal's Minimum Spanning Tree Algorithm		(D)	2
			83.	Wh:	ich of the following is correct rence for worst case of QuickSort?
30.		oftware Requirements Specification) document should avoid discussing		(A)	T(n) = T(n-4) + T(n-2) + O(1)
		ich one of the following?		(B)	T(n) = T(n-1) + T(0) + O(n)
	(A)	User interface issues		(C)	T(n) = 2T(n/2) + O(n)
	(B)	Non-functional requirements		(D)	T(n) = 4T(n/2) + O(n)
	(C)	Design solutions			
	(D)	Interfaces with third party software	84.	The stati	static keyword word is used in public c void main() declaration in Java :
1	Ĩm 41-	e Model-View-Controller (MVC)		(A)	To enable the JVM to make call to the main(), as class has not been instantiated.
1.	archi	tecture, the model defines the	·	(B)	To enable the JVM to make call to the main(), as class has not been inherited.
	(A)	Data-access layer		(C)	To enable the JVM to make call to
	(B)	Presentation layer			the main(), as class has not been loaded.
	(C)	Business-logic layer		(D)	To enable the JVM to make call to
	(D)	Interface laver			the main(), as class has not been finalized

85.	Whi of sl	ch flip-flop is used to make all types nift registers?	89.	Wh: sup	ich of the following Interface is no ported by JDBC for connecting t
	(A)	JK flip-flop		Data	abase in Java Programming language
	(B)	D flip-flop		(A)	Statement Interface
	(C)	T flip-flop		(B)	Prepared Statement Interface
	(D)	All the options		(C)	Callable Statement Interface
	(-)			(D)	Database Interface
86.		inimal super key (i.e, one of the super for which no proper subset is a super	90.	Wha	t does <main> include ?</main>
		is called:		(A)	Header
	(A)	Super Key		(B)	Sidebar
	(B)	Candidate Key		(C)	Article
	(C)	Primary Key	1	(D)	Footer
	(D)	Both Candidate and Primary Key		` ,	
			91.	With	the following syntax
87.	Why	Why does congestion occur?		INSE	RT INTO table [(column [, column])
	(A)	Because the routers and switches have tables		VAL	UES (value [, value]);
	(B) ·	- and switches		you o	can:
	(D)	have queues		(A)	Insert one row at a time.
	(C)	Because the routers and switches		(B)	Insert multiple rows at a time.
		have cross-points		(C)	Insert one column at a time.
	(D)	None of the options		(D)	Insert multiple columns at a time.
88.		riven array is arr = {1, 2, 4, 3}. Bubble is used to sort the array elements. many passes will be done to sort the	92.	the le	don't want to allow a floating div to eft side of an element, CSS erty will we use.
	(A)	4		(A)	margin
	(B)	2		(B)	clear
	(D) (C)	1		(C)	float
	•	3		(D)	padding
	age 15	SPACE FOR R	OUGI	1 WO	RK STA

93.	When we perform in order traversal on a binary tree, we get the ascending order array. The tree is:	97. Domain constraints, functional dependency and referential integrity are special forms of	101. What is the time complexity of the following recursive function? int ComputFun (int n)	105. Assembly line scheduling and Longest Common Subsequence problems are an example of
	(A) Heap tree	(A) Foreign key	{	(A) Dynamic Programming
		(B) Primary key	$if(n \le 2)$	(B) Greedy Algorithms
	(B) Almost complete binary tree (C) Binary search tree	(C) Assertion (D) Referential constraint	return1; else	(C) Greedy Algorithms and Dynamic Programming respectively
•	(D) Cannot be determined	(D) Referential Constraint	return (ComputFun (floor(sqrt (n))) + n); }	(D) Dynamic Programming and Branch and Bound respectively
94.	Shift reduce parsing can also be called as: (A) Reverse of the Right Most Derivation	98. When retrieving data in a particular table in PostgreSQL, we use the statement. (A) \dt	(A) $\Theta(n)$ (B) $\Theta(logn)$ (C) $\Theta(nlogn)$ (D) $\Theta(loglogn)$	106. Changes are made to the system to reduce the future system failure chances is called
	(B) Right Most Derivation	(B) ORDER BY (C) SELECT FROM	102. You have a network ID of 192.168.10.0 and	(A) Preventive Maintenance
	(C) Left Most Derivation	(D) \i	require at least 25 host IDs for each subnet, with the largest amount of subnets	(B) Adaptive Maintenance
	(D) None of the options	99. A bag contains 10 white balls and F 11	available. Which subnet mask should you assign ?	(C) Corrective Maintenance(D) Perfective Maintenance
95.	The router table contains addresses belonging to protocol(s).	balls. A ball is drawn from the bag and its color is noted. This ball is put back in the bag along with 3 more balls of the same color. A ball is drawn again from the bag at random. The probability of the same colors.	(A) 255.255.255.192 (B) 255.255.255.224 (C) 255.255.255.240 (D) 255.255.255.248	107. In the given Program: class Dialog1
	(A) a single (B) two	ball drawn is blue, given that the second ball drawn is blue, is:	103. Consider an array of positive integers between 123456 to 876543, which sorting	public static void main(String args[]) { Frame f1=new Frame("INDIA");
	(C) multiple	(A) 1/3 (B) 3/4	algorithm can be used to sort these number in linear time?	f1.setSize(300,300); f1.setVisible(true);
	(D) none of the options	(C) 8/9 (D) 4/9	(A) Impossible to sort in linear time (B) Radix Sort (C) Insertion Sort	FileDialog d=new FileDialog(f1,"MyDialog"); d.setVisible(true); String fname=d.getDirectory()+d.getFile(); System.out.println("The Selection is"+fname);
96.	In an undirected graph, if we add the degrees of all vertices, it is:	100. The number of tokens in the following C/C++ statement is:	(D) Bubble Sort	} To make the Frame visible, which of the
	(A) odd	printf("i = %d, &i = %xx", i&i);	104. Software consists of (A) Set of instructions + operating	following statements are true?
	(B) even	(A) 9	procedures (B) Programs + documentation +	(A) f1.setClear(true);(B) f1.setVisible(true);
	(C) cannot be determined	(B) 6	operating procedures	• •
	(D) always n+1, where n is number of nodes	(C) 10 (D) 12	(C) Programs + hardware manuals (D) Set of programs	(C) f1.setlook(true);(D) f1.setclean(true);
	SPACE FOR RO		SPACE FOR RO	OUGH WORK STA
A/Pa	ige 16	STA STA	A/Page 17	

```
Common Subsequence problems are an
       example of __
            Dynamic Programming
            Greedy Algorithms
           Greedy Algorithms and Dynamic
            Programming respectively
      (D) Dynamic Programming and Branch
            and Bound respectively
106. Changes are made to the system to reduce
      the future system failure chances is
      called
            Preventive Maintenance
            Adaptive Maintenance
            Corrective Maintenance
            Perfective Maintenance
107. In the given Program:
     class Dialog1
       public static void main(String args[])
           Frame f1=new Frame("INDIA");
           f1.setSize(300,300);
           f1.setVisible(true);
           FileDialog d=new FileDialog(f1,"MyDialog");
           d.setVisible(true);
           String fname=d.getDirectory()+d.getFile();
           System.out.println("The Selection is"+fname);
     To make the Frame visible, which of the
     following statements are true?
     (A) f1.setClear(true);
          f1.setVisible(true);
           f1.setlook(true);
          f1.setclean(true);
```

/Pag	ge 18	STA STA			
((D)	XOR SPACE FOR RO	N. 102	(D)	Stack
ı	(C)	NAND		(C)	Heap
	(B)	OR		(B)	Graph
	(A)	AND		(A)	Doubly link list
	gates		114.		rity queue is implemented by:
111.	Enco	ders are made by three	114	Prior	rity angue is implemented by
	(D)	Recognizable Interface		(D)	6
	(C)	Threadable Interface		(C)	5
	(B)	Utilization Interface		(B)	4
	(A)	Serializable Interface		(A)	3
110.	In Ja	ava, for ensuring the persistence erty, the class must implements:		The segn	cyclomatic complexity of the program nent is
	(C) (D)	An array of 500 numbers A dynamically allocated array of 550 numbers		mi }	se last = middle - 1; iddle = (first + last)/2; rst < last) not Present = True;
	(B)	An array of 100 numbers			ound = True;
	(A)	An array of 50 numbers			se if (array [middle] == search)
	-	iencies ?			(array [middle] < search) first = middle +1;
109.	sof eathe	rogram P reads in 500 integers in the ge [0100] representing the scores of students. It then prints the frequency ach score above 50. What would be best way for P to store the	113.	segr while {	nsider the following C program ment. le (first <= last)
	(D)	Overloading and Overriding		(D)	Kubernotos
	(C)	Reusability and data-hiding		(C)	Remote
	(B)	Overriding and linking		(B)	Cycle
	of o	verloading in Java ? Overloading and linking		(A)	Vectors
	~£ -	wowlanding in I ?	1		

108. Which of the following are two main types | 112. In Java, the Dynamic Array are known as:

- 115. A recursive problem like tower of hanoi can be rewritten without recursion using:
 - (A) stack
 - priority queue
 - graph
 - (D) cycles
- 116. In the context of modular software design, which one of the following combinations is desirable?
 - (A) High cohesion and high coupling
 - High cohesion and low coupling
 - Low cohesion and high coupling
 - Low cohesion and low coupling
- 117. In the following addressing mode, which of them performs better for accessing array?
 - Register addressing mode
 - Direct addressing mode
 - Displacement addressing mode
 - Index addressing mode
- 118. The LL(1) and LR(0) techniques are
 - Both same in power
 - Both simulate reverse of right most derivation
 - Both simulate reverse of left most derivation
 - Incomparable

A/Page 19

119. Let R and S be two relations with the following schema

R (P, Q, R1, R2, R3)

S (P, Q, S1, S2)

Where {P, Q} is the key for both schemas. Which of the following queries are equivalent?

- $\Pi_{P}(R \bowtie S)$
- $\Pi_{P}(R) \triangleright \Pi_{P}(S)$
- $\Pi_{P}(\Pi_{P,Q}(R) \cap \Pi_{P,Q}(S))$
- (IV) $\Pi_{P,Q}(R) (\Pi_{P,Q}(R) \Pi_{P,Q}(S))$
- Only (I) and (II)
- Only (I) and (III)
- Only (I), (II) and (III)
- (D) Only (I), (III) and (IV)
- 120. In CRC calculation if divisor is 1011, and dataword is 1001 what will be the CRC?
 - (A) 111
 - (B) 101
 - (C) 110
 - (D) 100

- o O o -