

NIELIT Gorakhpur

Course Name: O Level (2nd Sem)

Topic: Computer Network

Subject: ICT

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Computer Network:

A computer network consists of two or more computing devices that are connected in order to share the components of the network, its resources and the information we store. Hardware as well as the software can be shared with the help of a computer network.

Advantages of computer networking:

File sharing – we can easily share data between different users, or access it remotely if you keep it on other connected devices.

Resource sharing – using network-connected peripheral devices like printers, scanners, and copiers, or sharing software between multiple users, saves money.

Sharing a single internet connection – it is cost-efficient and can help protect our systems if we properly secure the network.

Increasing storage capacity – we can access files and multimedia, such as images and music, which we store remotely on other machines or network-attached storage devices.

Computer networks make it easier to collaborate on projects- There are several different ways that computers make it easier to work with others on projects. Most companies use this technology to connect teams so that they can share documents, work on designs, or send emails to each other to finish projects.

Computer networks can transfer enormous file sizes in seconds- With tools like Dropbox, iCloud, and similar services, we can now share files that are measured in terabytes instead of megabytes. we can even upload the file to a personal account and then share a direct access link for others to download the item.

Computer Network Architecture

Computer Network Architecture is defined as the physical and logical design of the software, hardware, protocols, and media of the transmission of data. Simply we can say that how computers are organized and how tasks are allocated to the computer.

Types of Computer Network Architecture:

The two types of network architectures are used:

- Peer-To-Peer network
- Client/Server network

- **Peer-To-Peer network**

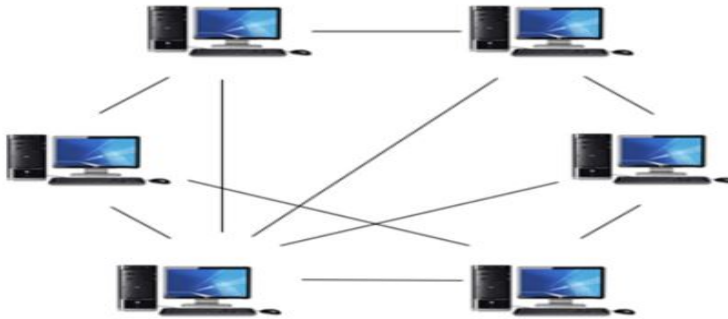
- Peer-To-Peer network is a network in which all the computers are linked together with equal privilege and responsibilities for processing the data.
- Peer-To-Peer network is useful for small environments, usually up to 10 computers.
- Peer-To-Peer network has no dedicated server.
- Special permissions are assigned to each computer for sharing the resources, but this can lead to a problem if the computer with the resource is down.

Advantages Of Peer-To-Peer Network:

- It is less costly as it does not contain any dedicated server.
- If one computer stops working but, other computers will not stop working.
- It is easy to set up and maintain as each computer manages itself.

Disadvantages Of Peer-To-Peer Network:

- In the case of Peer-To-Peer network, it does not contain the centralized system . Therefore, it cannot back up the data as the data is different in different locations.
- It has a security issue as the device is managed itself.



Client/Server Network

Client/Server network is a network model designed for the end users called clients, to access the resources such as songs, video, etc. from a central computer known as Server.

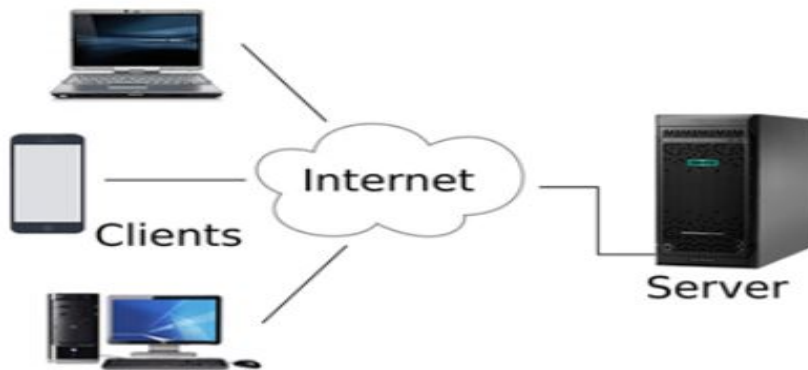
- The central controller is known as a **server** while all other computers in the network are called **clients**.
- A server performs all the major operations such as security and network management.
- A server is responsible for managing all the resources such as files, directories, printer, etc.
- All the clients communicate with each other through a server.

Advantages Of Client/Server network:

- A Client/Server network contains the centralized system. Therefore we can back up the data easily.
- A Client/Server network has a dedicated server that improves the overall performance of the whole system.
- Security is better in Client/Server network as a single server administers the shared resources.
- It also increases the speed of the sharing resources.

Disadvantages Of Client/Server network:

- Client/Server network is expensive as it requires the server with large memory.
- A server has a Network Operating System(NOS) to provide the resources to the clients, but the cost of NOS is very high.
- It requires a dedicated network administrator to manage all the resources.



Exercise:

1. What is a computer network? Explain its benefits.
2. What is network architecture? Explain the difference between peer to peer and client server architecture