

**Course Name: A Level (2nd Sem)**  
**Topic : I/O Package in Java(part 3..)**

**Subject: JAVA**  
**Date: 15-05-20**

## **1) Changing file attributes to read only:**

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
public class Read{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        File myfile = new File("D://ab.txt");
        boolean flag = myfile.setReadOnly();
        if (flag==true)
        {
            System.out.println("File successfully converted to Read only mode!!");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Unsuccessful Operation!!");
        }
    }
}
```

## **2)Check whether the file is writable or read only:**

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;

public class CheckAttributes
{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
    {
        File myfile = new File("D://ab.txt");
        if (myfile.canWrite())
        {
            System.out.println("File is writable.");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("File is read only.");
        }
    }
}
```

### 3)How to make a read only file writable in java:

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;

public class MakeWritable{
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
    {
        File myfile = new File("D://ab.txt");
        myfile.setWritable(true);←
        if (myfile.canWrite())
        {
            System.out.println("File is writable.");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("File is read only.");
        }
    }
}
```

changing the file mode  
to writable

### 4)How to get input from user in java using BufferedReader class:

```
import java.io.*;

class Area
{
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception
    {
        int a,b,c;
        BufferedReader br= new BufferedReader( new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        System.out.println("Enter first number:");
        a=Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());←
        System.out.println("Enter second number:");
        b=Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());

        c = a+b;
        System.out.println("Sum of two numbers:"+ c);
    }
}
```

"Integer.parseInt" converts 'a' into Integer type

## 5)How to get input from user in java using Scanner class:

The **Scanner class** is used to get user input, and it is found in the **java.util package**. To use the Scanner class, create an object of the class and use any of the available methods found in the Scanner class.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Get{  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        int a;  
        int b;  
        int c;  
  
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.println("Enter first number ");
```

The **System.in** parameter is used to take input from the standard input.

```
a = in.nextInt();
```

reads an int value from the user

```
System.out.println("Enter second number");  
    b = in.nextInt();  
    c=a+b;  
    System.out.println("the result is "+c);  
}}
```

Similarly, **nextFloat(),nextBoolean(),nextDouble(),nextLong(),nextShort()** are also available to read **float,boolean,double,long ,short** values from users respectively.

### Exercise:

- 1) Calculate simple interest using scanner class and BufferedReader class.
- 2) Calculate average,percentage and grade of a student using scanner class.