## NIELIT Gorakhpur

<u>Course Name: A Level (1<sup>st</sup> Sem)</u> <u>Topic: Register Organization</u>

Subject: CO Date: 14-05-20

**<u>Register Transfer Language (RTL)</u>**: So far we have learnt that registers are nothing but a sequence of well organized D Flip-Flops. It might be SISO or SIPO or whatever but in general, it is all registers.

In this topic we will discuss about Register Transfer Language. RTL is a simple language that has many notations that we use to describe data transfers among registers.

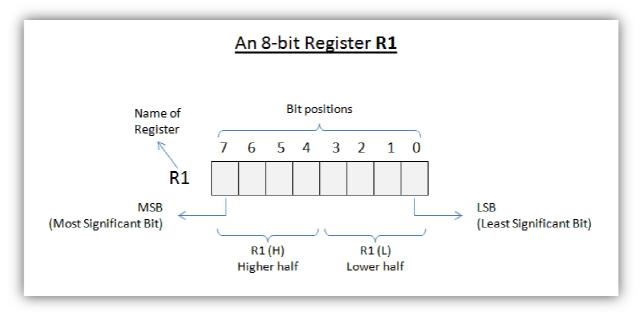
Following are the notations of RTL-

Symbols/Notations	Description	Examples					
Letters and numerals	A register	R1, R2, IR					
Parenthesis ()	A part of register	R1 (0-3), IR (12-14)					
Leftward arrows ←	A data transfer	R1 ← R2, AR ← IR (0-11)					
Comma ,	separating two operations	R1 ← R2, AR ← IR (0-11)					

A register is diagrammed as a rectangle, having all the following necessary details-

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
R1						OR	R1										

The details of a register are as under-



## Assignment:

- 1. What do you understand by RTL? What are its notations?
- 2. What do you understand by LSB, MSB, Lower half and Higher half of a register?