CSS — Selectors Contd. III

Attribute Selector

Attribute selector is used to select elements with particular attribute.

All elements having specified attribute will be styled or formatted according to the CSS property defined using attribute selector.

It is defined as following (specifying tag name followed by attribute name in brackets [ ]):

```css
input[type] {
  color: blue;
  background-color: yellow;
}
```

All input elements which have type attribute will be styled and formatted (i.e. text color will be blue and background color will be yellow).

It can also be defined using attribute and its value:

```css
input[type="text"] {
  color: blue;
  background-color: yellow;
}
```

All input elements which have type attribute and value as text will be styled and formatted (i.e. text color will be blue and background color will be yellow).
Example : Code explaining attribute selector

```html
<html>
<head>
<style>
input[type="text"]
{
  color: blue;
  background-color: yellow;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<form autocomplete="on">
  <input type="text" placeholder="Username" id="uid">
  <input type="password" placeholder="Password" autocomplete="off"> <br><br>
  <label>Login As:<br>
  <input type="radio" id="fac" name="loginas" disabled><label for="fac"> Faculty </label>
  <input type="radio" checked id="stu" name="loginas"> <label for=stu"> Student </label>
  <br><br>
  <input type="Submit" value="login">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:

![Login Form Output](image)
Exercise:

1. Create a HTML document which shows the use of attribute selector.