CSS text properties are used to style the text. These properties are:

- **text-align**: left;
  (It is used to set horizontal alignment of the text. It can also have value right/ center/ justify.)

- **vertical-align**: top;
  (It is used to set vertical alignment of the text. It can also have value middle/ bottom.)

- **color**: green;
  (It is used to set color of the text. RGB, HEX color values also can be given.)

- **text-decoration**: none;
  (It is used to decorate the text. It can also have value overline / linethrough / underline)

- **text-transform**: uppercase;
  (It is used to change case of the text. It can also have value lowercase/ capitalize)

- **text-indent**: 50px;
  (It is used to indent the first line of text.)

- **letter-spacing**: 3px
  (It is used to give space between the characters of the text.)

- **line-height**: 1.8;
  (It is used to set the height on line i.e. space between lines of text.)

- **word-spacing**: 10px;
  (It is used to give space between the words in the text.)
Example – Text
<html>
<head>
  <style>
  h1{
    text-align: center;
    color: green;
    text-decoration: underline;
    text-transform: capitalize;
    letter-spacing: 20px;
    background-color: lightgreen;
  }
  p{
    text-align: justify;
    color: red;
    text-indent: 50px;
    text-transform: uppercase;
    line-height: 1.8;
    word-spacing: 20px;
    background-color: lightblue;
  }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>I am heading</h1>
<p>I am paragraph. djfkj kdfkj eijd kde fejek kejek bn qe cxs r p eiro nbdn rhke ereri kdfk jeke ndnkf neknreh eie dfnv eijn eknei nvkneh oei eiu kdne kek pe djher</p>
</body>
</html>

Output – Text
**CSS font properties** are used to set font. These properties are:

- **font-family**: "Times New Roman", serif;
  
  (It is used to define font family name. serif and sans serif are two different category of font family.)

  | AM – serif fonts has finishing stroke at the edge of letter. |
  | AM – sans serif fonts has not finishing stroke at the edge of letter. |

- **font-size**: 40px;
  
  (It is used to give space between the words in the text.)

- **font-weight**: normal;
  
  (It is used to weight age (dark) to the font. It can also have value **bold**)

- **font-style**: normal;
  
  (It is used to italic the font text. It can also have value **italic**)

---

**Example – Font**

```html
<html>
<head>
  <style>
    h1 {  
      font-family: Georgia;
      font-size: 30px;
      font-weight: bold;
      font-style: normal;
      background-color: lightgreen;
    }
    p {  
      font-family: "Segoe Print";
      font-size: 20px;
      font-weight: normal;
  }
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>I am heading</h1>
  <p>I am paragraph. djikj kdjkjeijd kde fejejk kejek bn qe cxsr pepiro nbdn rhke ereri kdjk jeke ndnkf reknreh eie dfinv ejin eknei nvkneh oeie eiu knd kek pe djher</p>
</body>
</html>
```

**Output – Font**
| font-style: italic;  
| background-color: lightblue; |
|}  
</style>  
</head>  
<body> 
<h1> I am heading </h1>  
<p> I am paragraph. djfkj kdkijeijd kde fejejk kejek bn qe cxsr pepiro nbdn rhke ereri kdk jeke ndnkf neknreh eie dfinv ejn eknei nkvneh oei eiu kdne kek pe djher 
</p>  
</body>  
</html>  

**Exercise:**  

1. Create a web page that shows the use of different font and text property of CSS.